

FIGURE 1

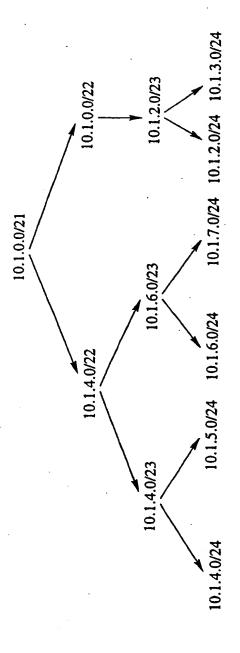


FIGURE 2

```
procedure ComputeMinError(Aggregate x, Aggregate y, integer l)
           if subTree[x, y, l] computed = true
       2.
              return [subTree[x, y, l].error, subTree[x, y, l].aggregates]
           minError := minError1 := minError2 := \infty
           if x is a leaf \{
              minError1 := \sum_{s \in S} D(s,t) * (lsp(s,x,\{y\},W_A) - lsp(s,x))
       5.
       6.
                \min \text{Error } 2 := \sum_{s \in \mathcal{S}} D(s,t) * (lsp(s,x,\{x\},W_{\mathcal{A}}) - lsp(s,x))
       7.
              if minError1 ≤ minError2
       8.
                [subTree[x, y, l].error, subTree[x, y, l].aggregates] := [minError1, \emptyset]
       9.
       10.
              else
                [subTree[x, y, l].error, subTree[x, y, l].aggregates] := [minError2, {x}]
       11.
       12. }
       13. if x has a single child u {
              [minError1, aggregates1] := COMPUTEMINERROR(u, y, l)
       14.
       15.
                [minError2, aggregates2] := COMPUTEMINERROR(u, x, l-1)
       16.
       17.
             if minError1 < minError2
The second second
       18.
                [subTree[x, y, l].error, subTree[x, y, l].aggregates] := [minError1, aggregates1]
       19.
              else
                [\operatorname{subTree}[x,\,y,\,l].\operatorname{error},\,\operatorname{subTree}[x,\,y,\,l].\operatorname{aggregates}] := [\operatorname{minError2},\,\operatorname{aggregates2} \cup \{x\}]
       20.
21. }
       22. if x has children u and v {
1, 3
             for i := 0 to l {
       24.
                [minError1, aggregates1] := ComputeMinError(u, y, i)
::
25.
                [minError2, aggregates2] := COMPUTEMINERROR(v, y, k-i)
ľIJ
       26.
                if minError1 + minError2 < minError
       27.
                   minError := minError1 + minError2
ļ..Ł
       28.
                   aggregates := aggregates1 U aggregates2
      29.
      30.
             for i := 0 to l - 1 {
      31.
              [minError1, aggregates1] := COMPUTEMINERROR(u, x, i)
      32.
                [minError2, aggregates2] := ComputeMinError(v, x, k - i - 1)
      33.
                if minError1 + minError2 < minError
      34.
                   minError := minError1 + minError2
      35.
                   aggregates := aggregates 1 \cup aggregates 2 \cup \{x\}
      36.
      37.
             [subTree[x, y, l].error, subTree[x, y, l].aggregates] := [minError, aggregates]
      38. }
      39. subTree[x, y, l].computed := true
      40. return [subTree[x, y, l].error, subTree[x, y, l].aggregates]
```

```
procedure COMBINEMINERROR()
1. for i = 1 to m
       for j = 0 to k {
2.
         T_i[j] [error, aggregates] := COMPUTEMINERROR(r(T_i), \epsilon, j)
3.
         X_i[j].[error, aggregates] := [\infty, \emptyset]
4.
5.
   for j = 0 to k
6.
      X_1[j].[error, aggregates] := T_1[j].[error, aggregates]
7.
8. for i = 1 to m
9.
      for j = 0 to k
10.
         for l = 0 to j
            if (X_{i-1}[l].error + T_i[j-l].error < X_i[j].error) {
11.
12.
               X_i[j].error = X_{i-1}[l].error + T_i[j-l].error
13.
              X_i[j].aggregates = X_{i-1}[l].aggregates \bigcup T_i[j-l].aggregates
            }
14.
```

Laft Gene Bene ernest Bene dien Begin facili

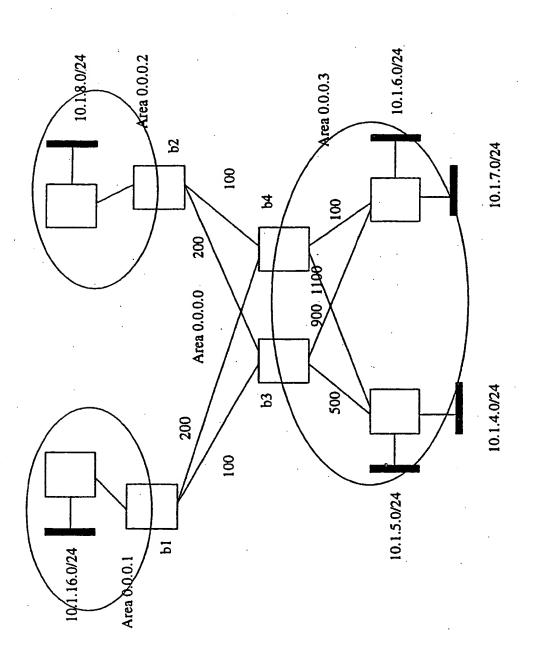
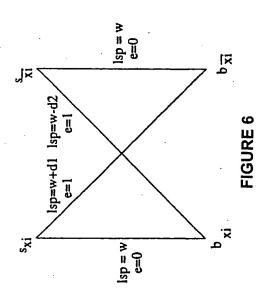


FIGURE 5



|sp=w-d4| |sp=w+d3| = 0 |sp=w-d4| |sp=w+d3| = 0 |sp=w| |sp=w| = 0

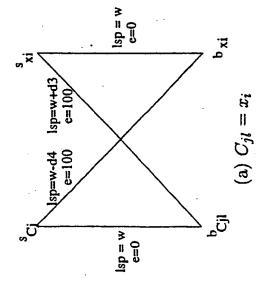


FIGURE 7A

FIGURE 7B

```
procedure Compute Weights Cumulative()

1. for each b \in B_i set W_{min}(b) := 0

2. for i := 1 to r {

3. W := W_{min}

4. Choose a random subset R \subseteq B_i of ABRs

5. for each b \in R set W(b) to a random weight in [0, L]

6. if \sum_{s \in S} e(s, B(s, W)) < \sum_{s \in S} e(s, B(s, W_{min}))

7. W_{min} := W

8. }

9. return W_{min}
```

]..6

```
procedure ComputeWeightsMax(Q)
    1. for each b \in B_i set Wold(b) := 0
    2. while (Pb_2B

i Wold(b) \leq (
j B_i j*(j B_i j-1)

2 ) *lspmax) f3. Let
```

The state of the s

Q0 be a new set of inequalities that result when the value Wold(b) is substituted for each variable W (b)only on the LHS of each inequality in Q 4. Set Wnew(b) to the smallest possible value such that each inequality in Q0 is satisfied when Wnew(b) is substituted for variable W (b) in Q0 5. if Wnew = Wold 6. return Wnew 7. else 8. Wold := Wnew 9. g 10. return "there does not exist a weight assignment W"

```
procedure ComputeWeightsTwoABR()

1. Set V_{opt} := v(s_1), E := E_{opt} := \sum_{s \in S} e(s, b_1)

2. for j := 1 to n {

3. E := E + e(s_j, b_2) - e(s_j, b_1)

4. if E < E_{opt}

5. V_{opt} := v(s_{j+1}), E_{opt} := E

6. }

7. return V_{opt}
```